





Itzik Galili is a famous choreographer from Israel.

He is not only the choreographer for A Linha Curva but also the creator of 70 other works in his career. Additionally, he was also the lighting designer for a Linha Curva.





Choreographer:

Company: Premier:

Dance Styles:

Itzik Galili

Rambert Dance Company

Brazil 2005 / UK 2009

Samba, Capoeira &

Contemporary

Dancers:

Duration:

28 (15 men / 13 women)

23 minutes

Aural Setting: Dutch band 'Percossa'

Dancers contribute to vocal sounds

Costume:

Itzik Galili

Lighting:

Itzik Galili

7 x7 chequerboard of light

Performance

Environment:

Staging/Set:

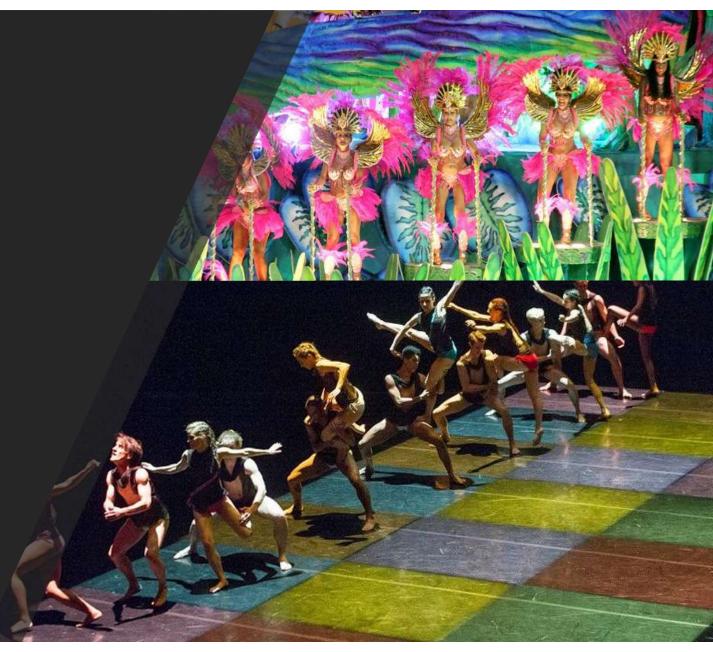
End stage

Raised platform for the band

5 x skateboards

STIMULUS

- A Linha Curva means 'The Curved Line' in Portuguese.
- A celebration of Brazilian culture. Galili wanted to explore the unique Brazilian way of life and how people live in the moment and enjoy each others lively presence.
- In an interview with senior rehearsal director Mikaela Polley, it is stated that ideas for the works were additionally developed by the lighting grids projected on stage. She said this was inspired by the regimented lines found in Brazilian samba parades and therefore dictated where the dancers could move within the space by the change of lighting.



CHOREOGRAPHIC INTENTION

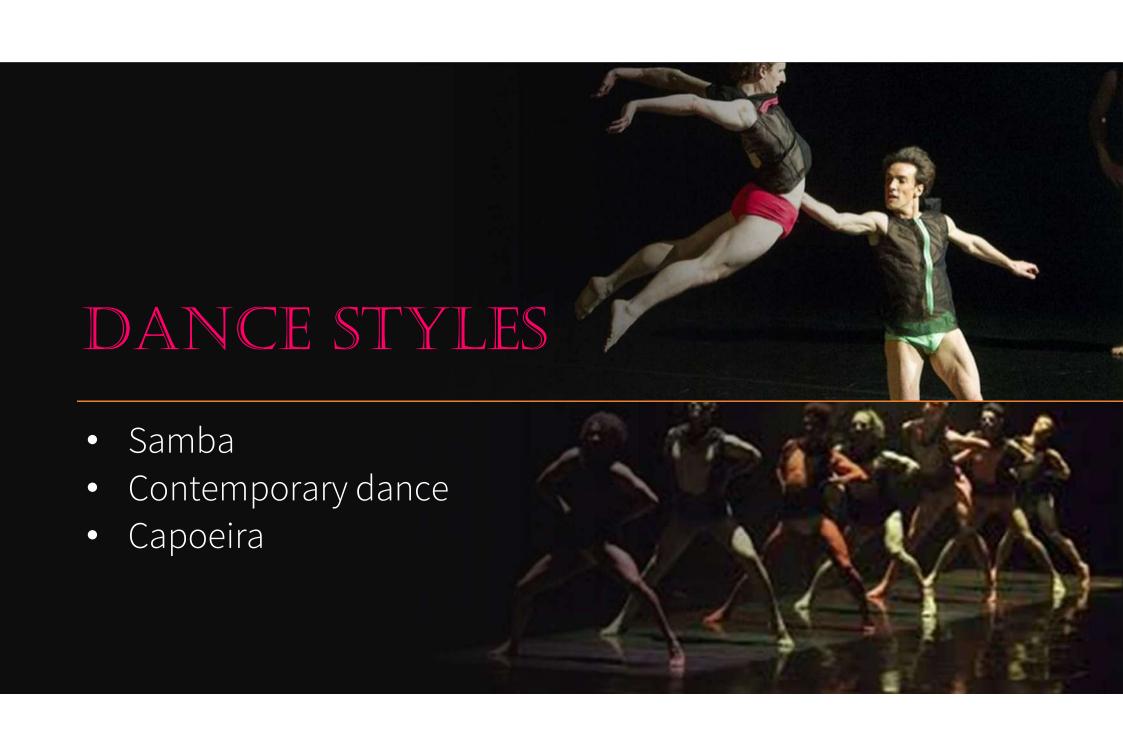
- Simply to HAVE FUN!
- The large ensemble sections are performed in sequences of regimented lines that create a sense of samba parades and a carnival atmosphere
- A few narrative sections within the work explores gives how Brazilians communicate with each other, specifically interactions between men and women and how men compete to gain female attraction!



CHOREOGRAPHIC APPROACH

- Galili worked in collaboration with his dancers to merge their ideas and develop solo material.
- The series of motifs seen in the work were nearly all produced through improvisation.
- Galili asked his dancers to choreograph short solos (2-3 counts of 8) combining their favorite movements that could stay within their allocated box of light.
- Galili thought that because these solos were personal to each dancer, they should be named after them (e.g. The Robson)
- Dancers then taught their solos to each other to create the ensemble sections of the work





SAMBA

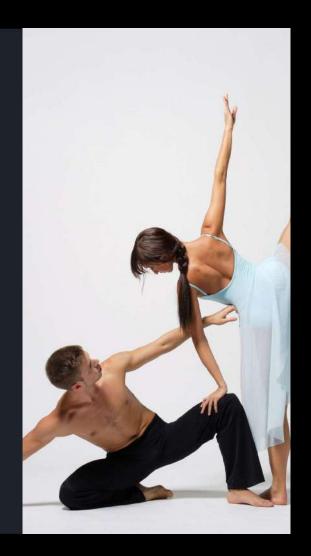
- Samba originally came from Brazil and developed when Africans came to America. It is a lively rhythmic style with 3 steps to every bar. It displays great use of hips and complex footwork. Variations of how the style can be performed means that it can be danced as a solo, duet or ensemble.
- It celebrates Brazilian culture, music, the use of bright colors and community.
- A Linha Curva shows elements of this style in the ensemble scenes where the dancers are moving in regimented lines resembling those in a samba parade. Refer to The Liris motif.





CONTEMPORARY

- Contemporary dance is a modern, more fluid style, though it contains similar elements to ballet, jazz, lyrical etc. There are less rules when it comes to contemporary, meaning it is easy to improvise (which was key for A Linha Curva).
- It is a very versatile style which can be performed to many different tempos of music. The style allows the dancers to be free and expressive aiming to connect the mind and body through movement. It is unique as it has an unpredictable dynamic quality.
- Throughout A Linha Curva, we can see may examples of contemporary, particularly in the duets.



CAPOEIRA

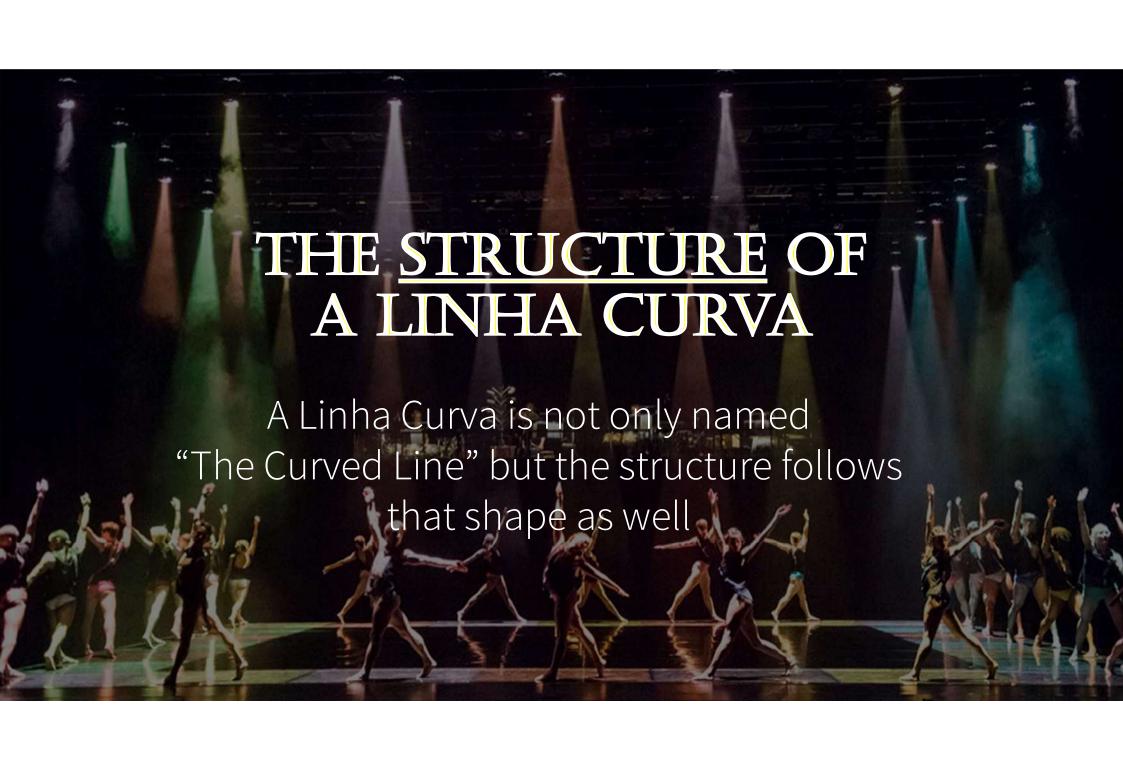
 Capoeira is an Afro-Brazilian martial art that merges elements of music, dance and acrobatics. It includes many acrobatic movements, such as inverted kicks, rooks, flips and many more.

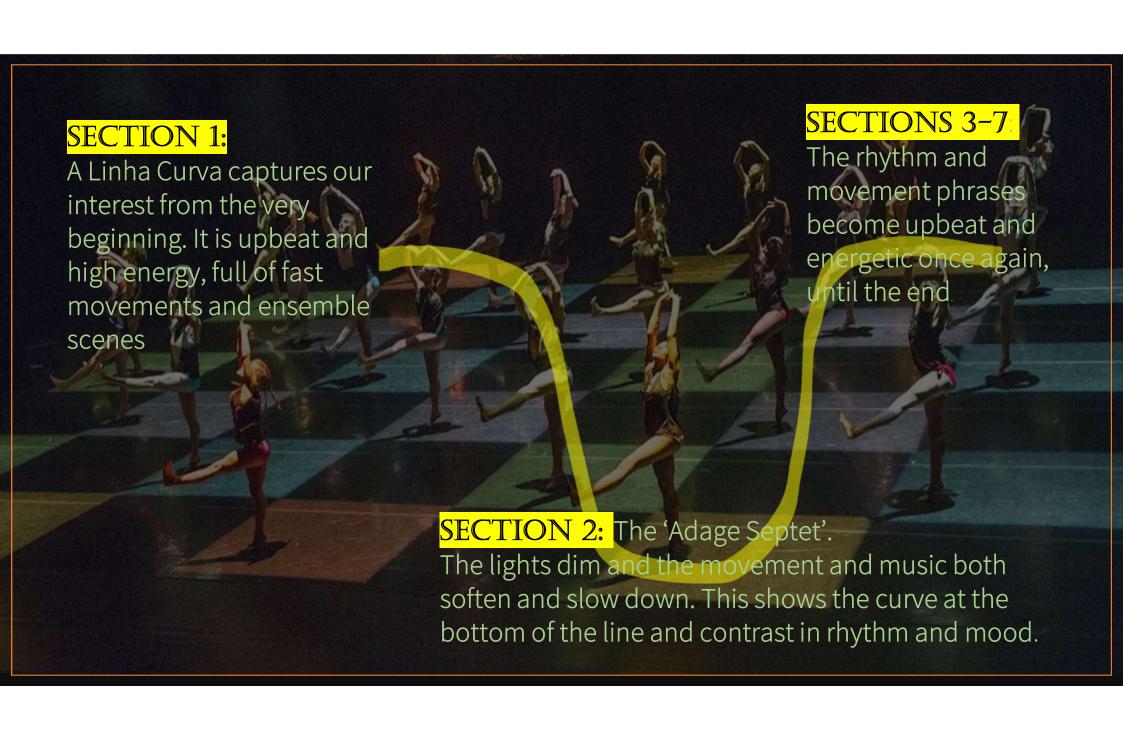
• Elements of the Capoeira are also featured in the duet scenes and the male group section where acrobatics are clearly noticed.

FUN FACT!

CAPOEIRA WAS
ORIGINALLY BANNED AS
A FORM OF FIGHTING
BUT IT WAS THEN
DISGUISED AS AN ART
FORM!







ASDR - TASK

- SPLIT PAGES INTO FOUR SECTIONS
- DECRIBE ACTION, THE SPACE THEY USE, DYNAMICS, RELATIONSHIPS





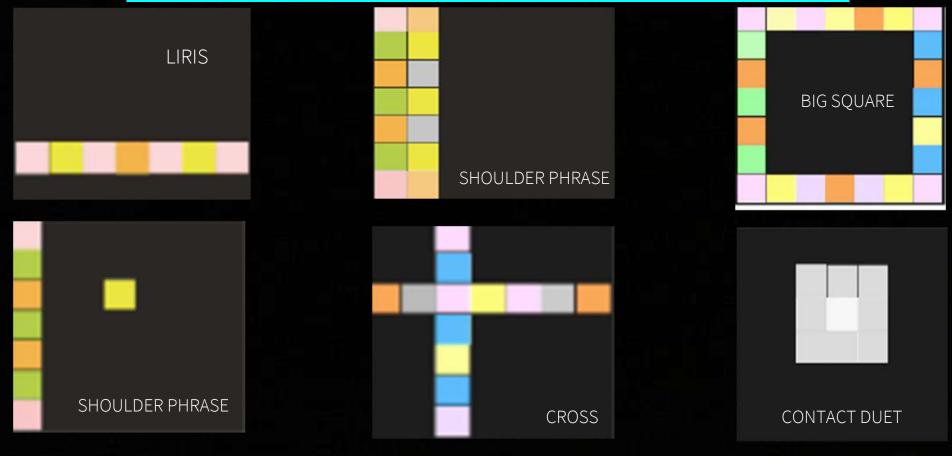
THE OPENING FORMATION:

Dancers stand in a cross in the white squares stand with metallic neck collars. The light bounces off these discs and creates interest straight away

Female dancers kneel in the yellow square and contribute to the vocal sounds

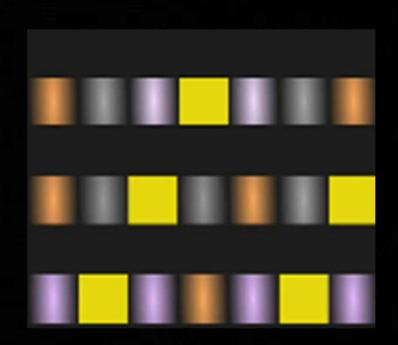
EXAMPLES FROM SECTION 1

Linear patterns of lines and squares throughout. Why?



SECTION 2 ADAGE - THE ONE WITH THE

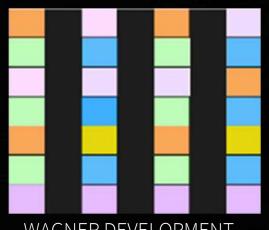




- 3 lines are lit but at a very low intensity. The yellow squares are more pronounced than the other colours. I: Creates a calmer mood
- Dancers are positioned in the yellow squares.
- 5 men are propelled along the floor on skateboards from stage left stage right.

 They travel in the dark corridors of light so they can barely be seen

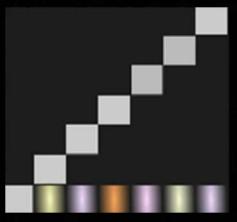
EXAMPLES FROM SECTION 3



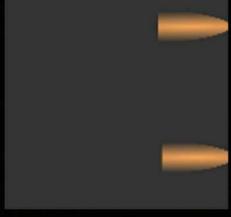
WAGNER DEVELOPMENT



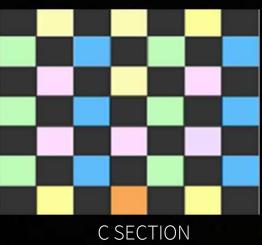
SHOWING OFF

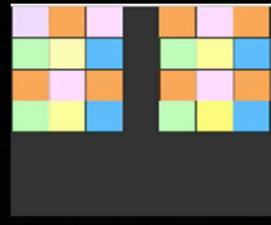


LIRIS DIAGONAL



MALE SOLO / PRE-BATTLE





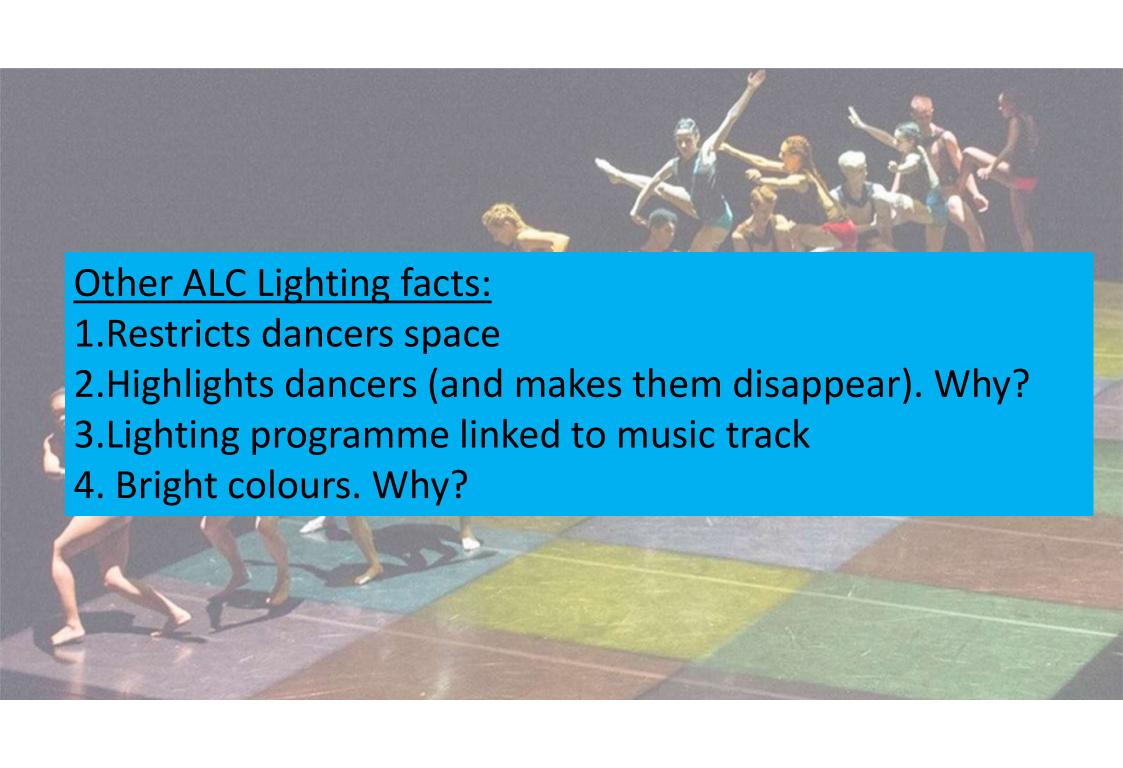
MILTON

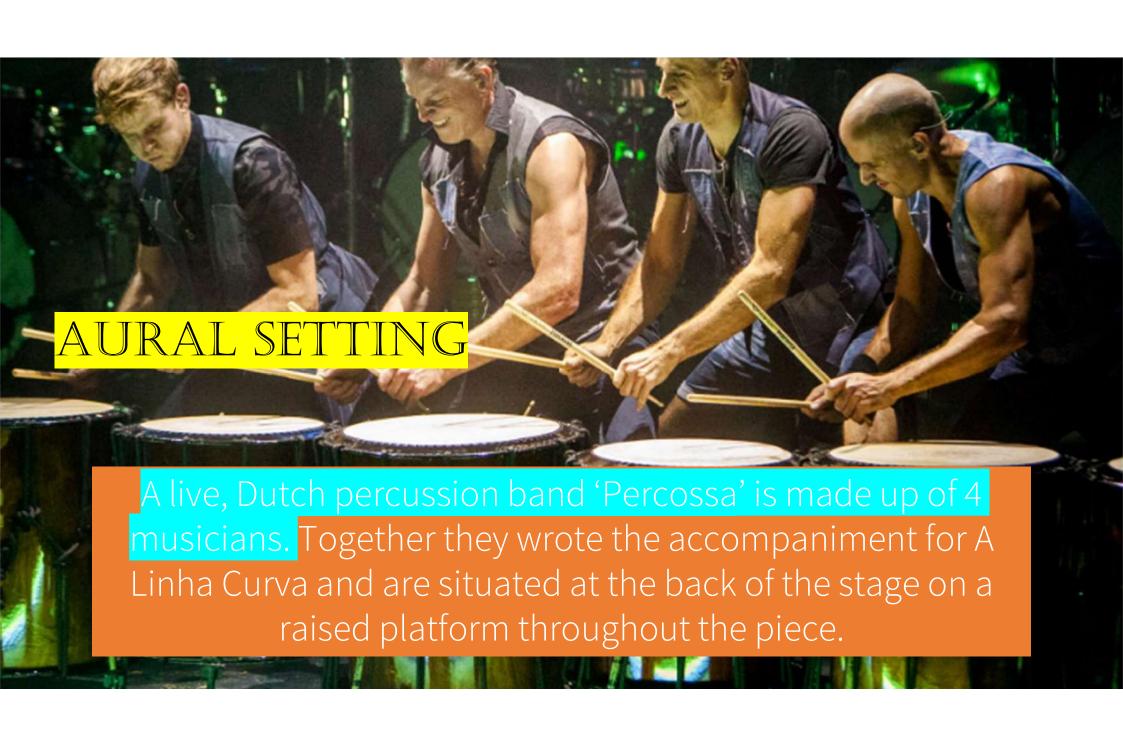


SHOWING OFF SECTION

Contrast in the showing off section as it is a complete white wash (why?)

- 1. Could be because their actions are large and over the top that the lighting doesn't need to match, the actions speak for themselves
- 2. The large space allows dancers to use the whole space to exaggerate their movements
- 3. The white allows the dancers to be seen clearly
- 4. The white could represent street lights turning on which could suggest night













TAIKO DRUM

CONGA DRUMS







BOOM WHACKERS

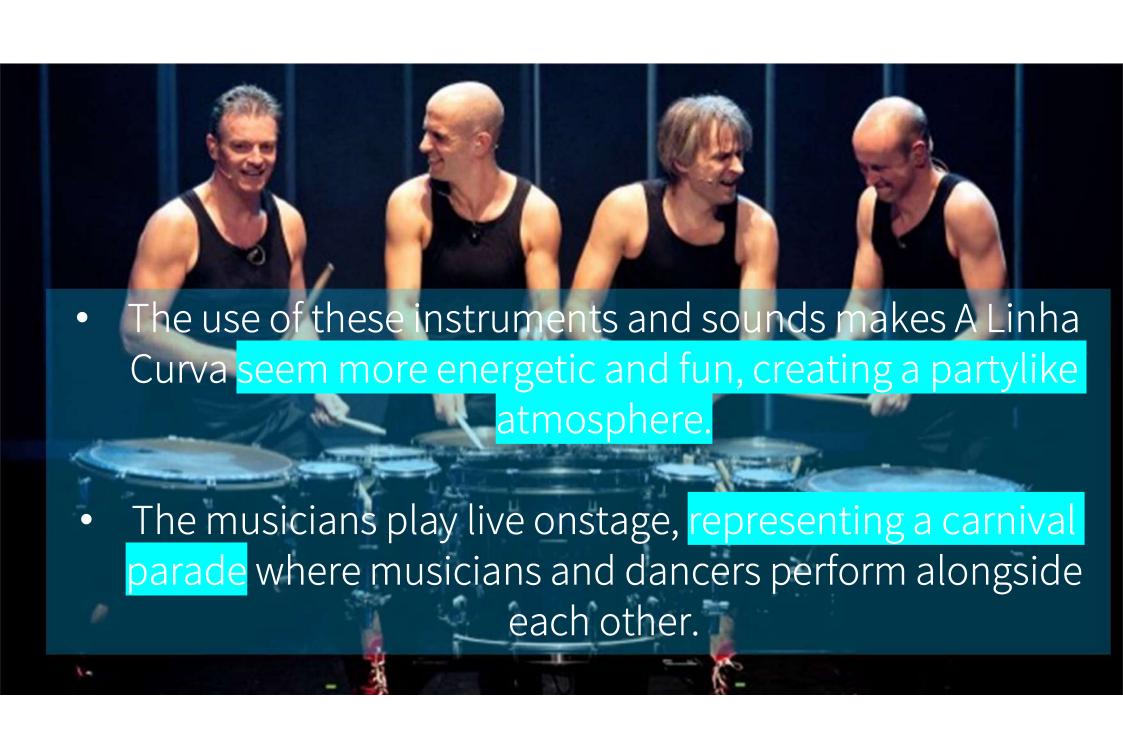


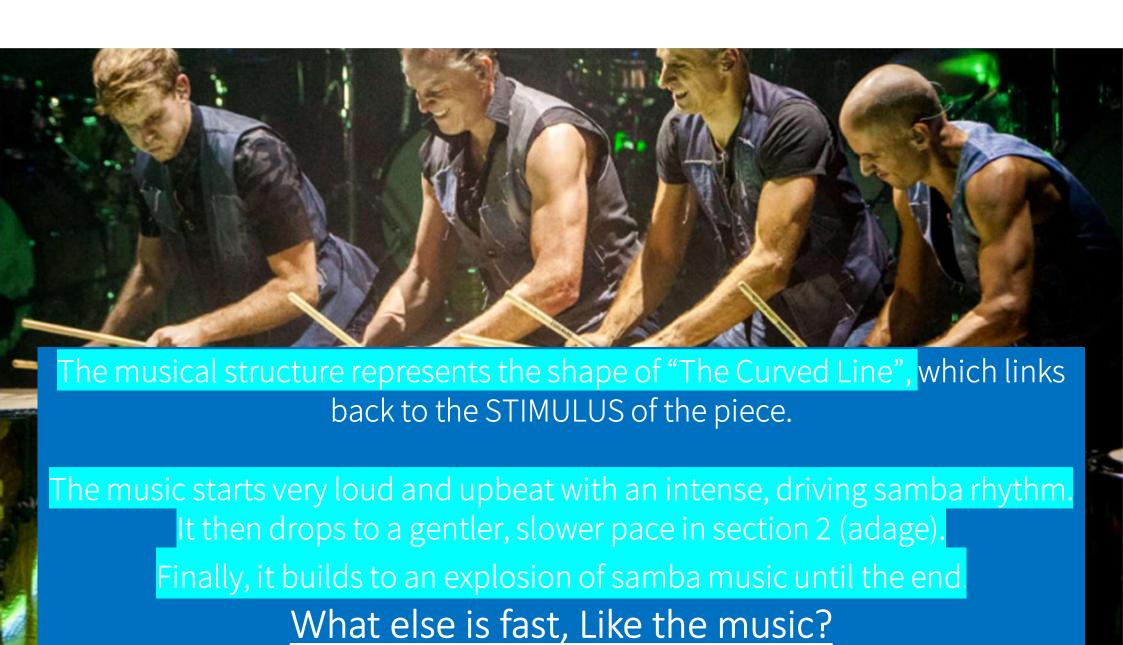




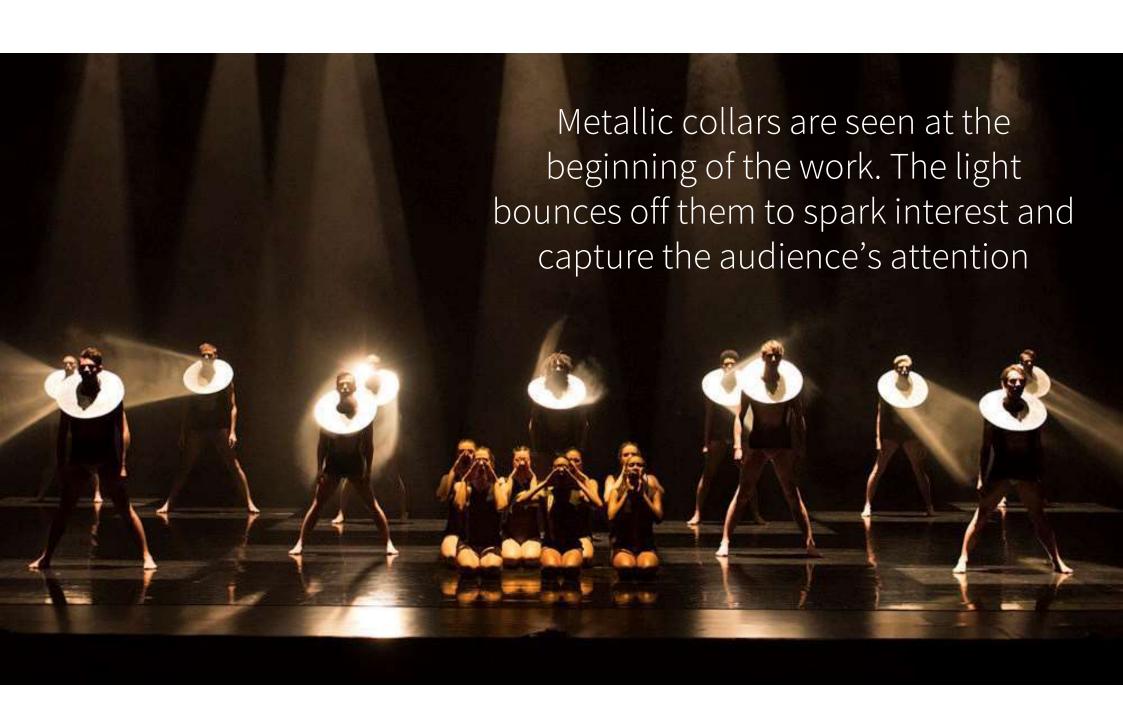
- What does this say about the men + women?
 - What atmosphere does this create?

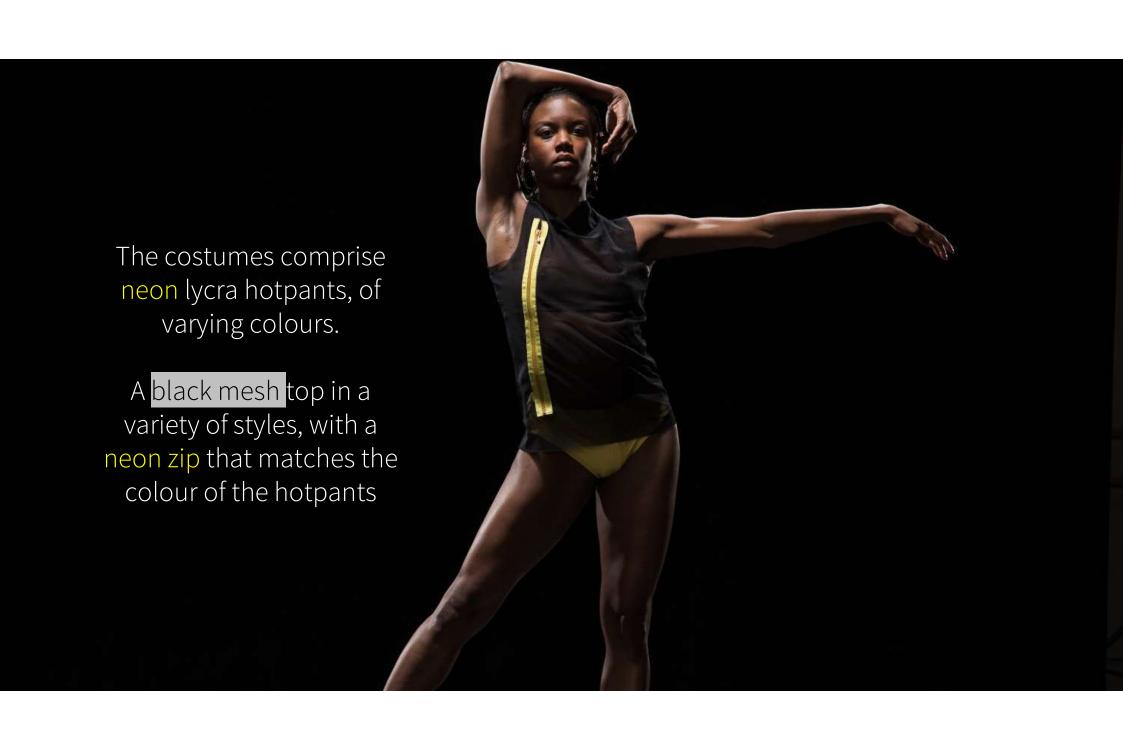














The costumes allow the dancers to appear and disappear in the light. This allows the dancers to enter the stage without being seen and surprise the audience by appearing when their square of light comes back on.

The bright colours represent the vibrance you would see in a carnival parade.

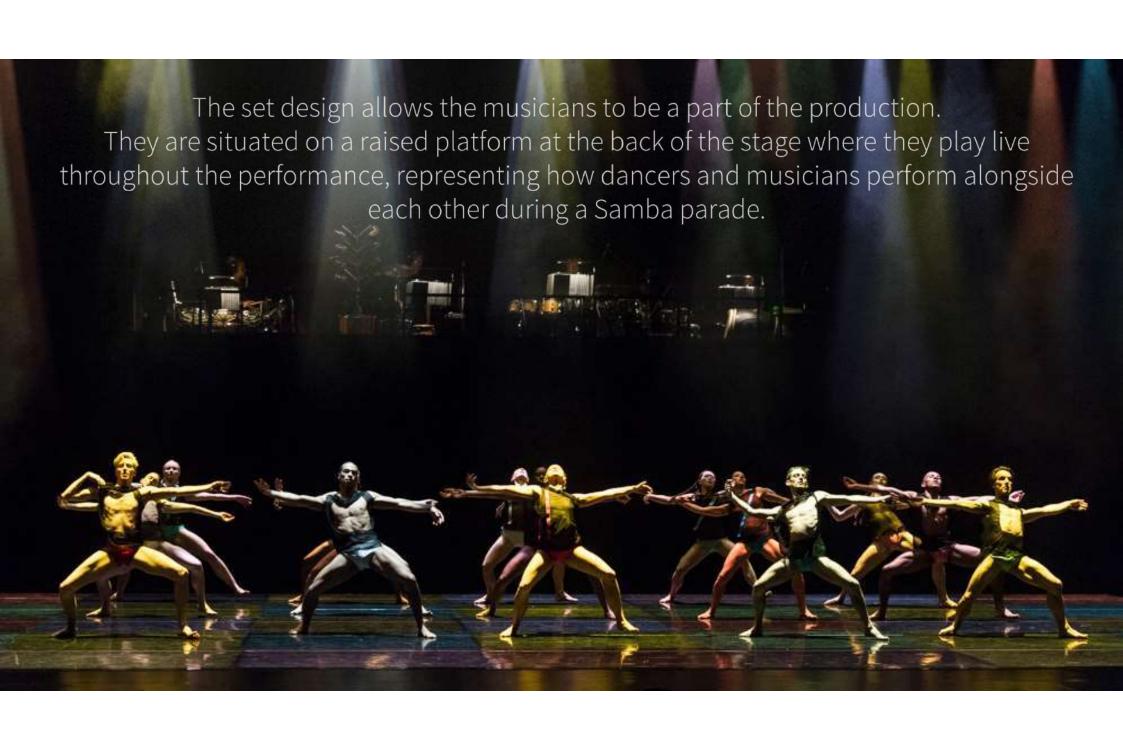
The dancer's alignment is revealed, allowing the audience to see the straight lines created with their arms and legs

The costumes create a sense of unity and equality, enhancing the unison sections seen in the piece.









- The setting for A Linha Curva looks like a black box. The black floor, tabs and cyclorama allow the coloured lights to be projected onto the floor. This helps the dancers know where to go!
- The stage is large and empty, which gives the dancers plenty of room for 28 dancers to run in and out of various formations quickly and safely.
- 5 skateboards are used in section 2 to contrast the women's solos and draw attention to the playful nature of the male dancers

